

## BARGAINS

### — ON — BARGAINS

We must clear our shelves of goods; the time for store alterations draws near.

### FURTHER CUT IN PRICE.

Read the ad. in another column,  
Come and get your pick.

L. S. AYRES & CO.

## FOR YOU

We have every kind of Furniture, from the highest in price to the lowest; from the finest to that for plain, everyday wear, and all grades, at the smallest cost.

You are welcome to inspect, whether you buy or not.  
Popular prices for the people.

EASTMAN.  
SCHLEICHER.

FURNITURE, & LEE  
Carpets, Draperies, Wall Paper.  
The Largest House in the State

ART EMPORIUM.  
Telephone 500.

## CHINA PAINTS

THE H. LIEBER COMPANY,  
33 South Meridian St.

**DIAMONDS**  
A Specialty.  
**FINE WATCHES**  
BEST  
JEWELRY.  
SOUVENIR  
SPOONS.

**1847**  
ROGERS  
BROS.' Triple  
Plated Knives  
\$1.95  
for six. No imitation.  
Second, D. B. Brown,  
Setting, Engraving and Fine  
Watch Repairing.  
16 EAST WASH. ST.

MRS. KLINE'S TESTIMONY SIGNED.  
The Coroner Is More than Ever Convinced of  
Her Innocence.

Lula Kline, six weeks the widow of a murdered husband, placed her signature to a voluminous package of typewritten testimony in the coroner's office yesterday morning. She came into the city early and, with her little daughter Belle, called at the office to acknowledge the evidence given by her last week. A careful reading of the evidence adduced from Mrs. Kline discloses not a single new statement and only comprises the many newspaper interviews to which the woman has been subjected since the tragedy in her home. In one clause of her statement Mrs. Kline admits that some years ago she and her husband fell out over the father's chastisement of one of his children, and in a hasty moment she struck him. He returned the blow, but the next instant both apologized and expressed much regret over the occurrence. After the testimony had been duly signed, the coroner talked for a short time to Mrs. Kline, the result of his conversation being to assure the official more strongly than ever of her innocence. The little girl, who also testified last week, in her childish hand wrote her name at the bottom of the sheet. In her statement she had told of seeing a strange negro walking from the direction of her home toward Brightwood on the morning her father was assaulted. She was asked yesterday if she was sure of that and if her mother had not instructed her to tell the negro story. With all the innocence and honest candor of childhood, she replied: "Mama told me to tell the truth and all that I knew about it."

The coroner has no theories in the case, apparently, or at least declines to place himself on record as having indulged in statements.

Transfer System Suspended for a Day.

On account of putting in new curves and crossings and switches at the intersection of Illinois and Washington streets, the transfer system will necessarily be abandoned for a great part of today, as no car can pass this corner or the transfer car until the new work is in. All cars on Illinois street, Indiana avenue and Mississippi street will stop at the Bates House and go back; also, all cars from the west, including Laughville, Indiana avenue and Blake street. The stock yards line will run through on Noble street for the day. All cars from the east, northeast and southeast, which includes College avenue, Irvington, Virginia and English avenues, will run to the Union Station via Meridian street. The Central-avenue line will run to the east end of the Union Depot. Pennsylvania and Alabama streets will run south on Meridian to Georgia instead of via Washington street and Illinois street.

These Mysterious Garments.

Detective Pat Dougherty has been detailed to ferret out the mystery of the presence of a suit of clothes on the banks of White river, where they had evidently been discarded by the wearer in some haste. The suit was found about two miles south of the city and is almost new. The garments were brought to the police station, yesterday, and searched for something that would identify the owner. In the vest pocket was a card bearing the name of "D. M. Brown, Louisville, Ky." and a slip of paper upon which was written "Carl Gauntz." The report that the man who owned the clothes had drowned himself gained circulation through a rumor that a man's tracks would be easily discerned leading from the spot where the garments lay down to the edge of the water.

New bed-room sets at Wm. L. Elder's

## TRIBULATIONS OF GARBAGE

Contractor J. H. Woodard Explains at Length and Complains Somewhat.

Says 20 Per Cent. of the People Are Secreting Their Garbage—A Statement by the Board of Health.

A communication was yesterday delivered to the various municipal boards from garbage contractor J. H. Woodard, in which he says:

On Monday, July 17, we began operations. Owing to the fact that we had but ten days in which to prepare for the work, our machinery was necessarily of the most primitive kind. We placed orders for forty of the most approved wagons for transporting garbage, and up to today but three of them have been delivered, though the contractors now have many of them in different stages of construction. We have every reason to expect that within the next fifteen days our entire equipment of wagons will be in our service. During the week of July 17 we had employed thirty-two horse teams, each of which was equipped with seven forty-gallon oil barrels. We also had two dump wagons and four one-horse wagons, which were held to answer complaints and do miscellaneous or emergency work. Each team has a driver and a helper. All the wagons were supplied with scales for weighing the garbage, and metal buckets of ten gallons capacity in which the collections could be handled and weighed. Each teamster was supplied with a book with blanks for name, number of street, number of pounds, value in cents and remarks.

The teamsters were instructed to make a poll of every house, tenement block, or business place in the territory assigned to each one. In case there should be no garbage given at any house, the teamster was instructed to state a reason therefor. If the householder stated that he had none, it was entered in the column of pounds as "none." If they were refused, they were to enter the refusal therefor, and the reason, if any were given. If the householder tendered the garbage, but refused to pay for it, they were instructed to take it, but to notify the householder that it would not be taken again unless payment was made. During the first four days the average collected per day by each team was a little over 1,000 pounds, as low as five hundred pounds, while some of those in the center of the city reached 2,500 pounds. The average collected from each house was twenty-six pounds. The number of houses visited where collections were made, 9,102. Total pounds collected, 236,652. Average per house, 26 pounds. About 1,500 houses were visited which reported "no garbage" or "refused to deliver." On the grounds that they had special persons who collected it. Up to last night, 102 complaints had been received of failure of Health, and were found to be the result of family quarrels.

From a casual inquiry of our foreman and teamsters, we are satisfied that over 1,000 tenants in rented houses which were visited, deposit all of their kitchen garbage and refuse in privy vaults, and have been doing so for a long time. In many cases the tenants claimed that they were unable to pay for garbage collection, or that they were afraid to do so. It was found that in all such cases the accumulation of garbage and disease-breeding matter was more than double that of persons able to pay ordinary bills. At the request of the president of the Board of Health we removed the garbage from all such houses without demanding payment. The number of cases of this kind is 254. I should state that most of these had piled the garbage on the ground, making no pretense of depositing it in any kind of a receptacle, and the teamsters were compelled to shove it into their buckets.

Fully one-half of the persons whose garbage was removed stated that they understood that the city was to pay for the removal, and they knew that the city had advertised for bids for its removal, and they could not understand why they should be required to pay for it. They claimed that ninety-nine per cent. of the householders have failed entirely to comply with the provisions of the ordinance, which requires them to deposit the garbage in closed receptacles, which shall be kept in some convenient place. It is often kept in a box in a stove or outbuilding, or in the stables, and allow it to accumulate one or two months before removing. Unless the city government can enforce the law requiring the placing of garbage, and other matter, in the proper receptacles, in a convenient place, it will be impossible to keep even a reasonable degree of cleanliness. In no case where complaint has been made of failure of the ordinance to remove the garbage has the complainant complied with this provision of the ordinance requiring that receptacles be kept in a convenient place for removal by the collector.

So far as our observations have extended, about 20 per cent. of the population is secreting its garbage in order to avoid paying for its removal. Sixty-five per cent. of the garbage so far collected by us was found north of a line drawn through the city to the city of Louisville street. This is exclusive of the tonnage of the commission houses. I visited thirteen fruit and vegetable commission houses and found that they were kept clean and free from decaying matter as the nature of the business would admit. This was also the condition of three of the poultry commission houses which I inspected.

The hotels and restaurants, except the Bates and Denison and the Union Depot restaurant, have all been feeding their garbage to hogs, and believe most of them are still doing so. All of these swill-fed hogs are kept within four miles of the city limits. Some of the luncheoners are interested in the ownership of the hogs, and others sell their garbage to the owners. These men state that if the city should pay for the removal of garbage from their premises, they would still feel injured, as they would be deprived of the profit which they have been making.

There is still another matter to which I wish to call the attention of the boards, and that is the fact that the contractor who has the contract for the removal of the garbage has not furnished convenient receptacles, or receptacles of any capacity, in which we can deposit the garbage at the city of Louisville street. Our teams often wait more than an hour to unload, in fact, the average time this wasted is two hours per day per team, which is a heavy loss upon us. But a worse feature of this delay is the inconvenience thus imposed upon the teamsters, who often do not get to their homes until after 8 o'clock in the evening, yet they are compelled to be at their stations at 7 o'clock in the morning.

Health Board's Advice.

The Board of Public Health has issued the following statement regarding the collection of garbage, and the provisions of the ordinance regarding it:

The duty of the contractor is first to furnish each and every tenant a printed notice of the days of collection; such notice not to be allowed to depart from the premises without being taken by the contractor to make the next collection free of all charges. Householders are especially notified to note this, and to refuse to pay any charge under these circumstances, and to report the same, if a demand for pay is made, to the health officer at once. In no case can the contractor remove material other than that contained in the can, and he has no authority whatsoever to attempt to clean yards or add to the amount of garbage by putting in grass or refuse of any kind. The duty of the collector is next to inspect premises and report to the health officer any failure on the part of the contractor to comply with the ordinance. For each pound of garbage removed, less than one-fourth of a cent shall be paid. Each tenant shall note the weighing and see that the weight of the bucket, which varies from five to ten pounds, be in all cases deducted from the total weight of garbage.

By ordinary attention to these matters the cost of garbage removal will be much less for private families than heretofore. A very liberal estimate is one pound of garbage per person per day, or for a family of six 10 cents a week. The cost can be very materially reduced by extra care. The health officer determines the place where the garbage shall be cleaned and kept clean, and will take all legal measures to that end. We only ask the help of citizens in promptly reporting all violations of contract. We finally urge every lady to use ordinary business methods in this matter.

## WAS DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.

Pensioner on the Point of Death Cut Off by Commissioner Lechren.

The new Pension Commissioner and death made a simultaneous attack upon Ephraim Garrett. Garrett was a colored man, about sixty-five years of age, residing at No. 82 Christian avenue, and drew a pension until July 19, when notice was sent him from the Pension Department at Washington that his name had been dropped from the rolls.

The disease from which Garrett suffered was one containing symptoms which very often appear in Bright's disease. This disease he contracted during the war and while in active service, and his name was on file in the Pension Office at Washington, and he has for years drawn a pension as one totally disabled from manual labor by disease. About six weeks ago he became so bad that he went to the City Hospital for treatment. He remained about one week when he left and went to the home of relatives and remained with them for a few days. He was then able to leave his bed, but not able to do any labor. Charles Jones, residing at No. 116 Christian avenue, knew Garrett and was acquainted

with his condition, and gave the old colored man a little employment doing chores about the house, such as sprinkling the lawn and going upon errands, and any light work which he could perform.

Last Saturday Garrett became very low. The notice that he had been dropped from the pension list was received in this city on that day and Garrett was unconscious at the time from the ravages of the disease. The notice was taken to his attorney and turned over to him when the attorney went to the house to see Garrett. He found him in the state of unconsciousness and lying in a woodshed on the premises where he resided. He was moved to the City Hospital, where he died at half-past 9 o'clock Monday morning without having regained consciousness. The authorities at the hospital were asked the cause of his death and said that it was Bright's disease. They also said that there often appears in this disease one of the symptoms of disease given in Garrett's evidence on file with the Pension Department.

## SEEKING HIS SISTER.

Louisa Neukomb, Daughter of Respected Parents in Terre Haute, in Hiding in This City.

Herman Neukomb, of Terre Haute, is in the city trying to get some trace of his sister, who it is thought is in this city. Louisa Neukomb is sixteen years of age, the daughter of highly respectable parents, and has apparently been perfectly content and happy at home. She left there about a month ago, and no trace of her could be gained by her anxious parents until a few days ago, when it was learned that she was in this city.

The brother heard that she was at 150 West Pearl street, and together with officer Shaffer, who had been detailed on the case, went there in search of her yesterday. The woman of the house said that a girl answering the description given had called at her house the day before, but that she was in such a condition that she could not receive her. The woman said that her clothing was of the meanest and scantiest character, and that she herself looked little better. She directed the searchers to 160 1/2 West Washington street, and there again they got trace of her, but she had left. A thorough search was made in the neighborhood, but she could not be found. The girl is described as being a blonde, very pretty and of fascinating address.

## STRANGE DEATHS OF INFANTS.

Another Mysterious Case at the "Baby Farm" of Mrs. Jones, on Mill Street.

Coroner Beck was called out yesterday to investigate the mysterious deaths of two colored infants. The first was a child belonging to a family named Hughes, residing at No. 5 Concordia street. The infant was found dead yesterday morning, but the mother cast no light on the nature of its ailment.

Undertaker Willis notified the coroner that there was a dead child at Mrs. Jones's "baby farm," No. 18 Mill street. The infant was found to be but two months old and was the offspring of a colored girl named Cravens, who is but fourteen years of age. The body was found to be decomposed somewhat and the undertaker stated that he had been called to take charge of the corpse last Sunday. Mrs. Jones, at whose home the baby died, is the colored woman who figured prominently in the case of the Jennie Carr baby. It was at the home of this woman that the child was kept for several days and when taken away died, it is supposed, from poison placed in a bottle of milk. The coroner will therefore investigate Mrs. Jones and her methods of nursing the infants placed in her care.

Indiana Merchant Tailors.

Afternoon and evening sessions of the annual meeting of the Indiana Tailors' Association were held yesterday at the Denison Hotel, and were attended by about forty delegates, who are present from different parts of the State. The association was organized about six months ago, at which time there was a meeting of the national association. The president of the State association is A. K. Clark, of Peru, and E. T. Howard, of South Bend, is the secretary. The sessions yesterday were given up to talks on the practical work of tailoring, President Clark making an address in the evening. The election of officers occurs to-day.

Thomas McCarty Captured.

Thomas McCarty, the young "tough" who inserted his knife between the ribs of John Donahue Tuesday night, was captured by Patrolman Thorn yesterday afternoon. The officer saw him near his home at the corner of Church and Tennessee streets, but the latter took to his heels and ran like a deer. Thorn followed at no mean gain, but soon discovered that it was a match for McCarty, and resorted to the use of a horse and buggy, overtaking his man at the Belt railroad south.

Burning Rubbish.

Burning rubbish under the stage of English's Opera House yesterday evening caused an alarm of fire. Workmen have been engaged for some time past preparing the house for the coming theatrical season, and a lot of rubbish had been deposited under the stage, and became ignited from some unknown cause. It was extinguished without damage.

Dr. Epp's Illness.

Dr. Samuel E. Epp, fire and police surgeon, who has been so seriously ill at home, No. 235 North Illinois street, was slightly better last night, and his friends have hopes that he will soon be restored to health. Yesterday he was unconscious a part of the day but revived during the evening. The patient is receiving the constant attention of Dr. Maxwell.

Did Not Appear.

The representatives of the Chicago & Central Indiana electric road, who were to have appeared before the County Commissioners yesterday morning with specific information as to the route desired in this country, did not appear.

The Best, Coolest and Pleasantest Train for Chicago.

In the Monon route's new morning train, which leaves Union Station at 7:30 a. m. and Massachusetts avenue 7:10. Arrives Chicago 12:30 p. m. has an elegant Pullman parlor car attached. Only sure connection by this train for St. Louis, St. Paul, Omaha and other West and Northwest points.

## STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Boy and Two Horses Killed Near Cumberland by a Panhandle Passenger.

A Panhandle passenger train, in charge of Conductor Kink and Engineer McGrew, drew into the Union Station from the east yesterday afternoon bearing the marks of a bloody accident which occurred eight miles east of the city. Two miles out of Cumberland the engineer saw a team of horses drawing a load of hay and driven by two boys in the act of crossing the track. An effort was made to stop, but the speed was great, and the vehicle with its load was struck. One of the boys and both horses were killed, while the other boy escaped with slight injury. Up to a late hour last night the coroner had not been notified of the accident and the trainmen did not learn the names of the unfortunate.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to John Wren and Ella Callahan, George Moninger and Lillie Phillips, Arthur H. Stoops and Nellie F. Meeker, Eugene Russell and Jennie Cowger, John W. Waite and Kate E. Boice, Edna H. McEul and Nellie A. Jackson, George Kile and Blanche Miller, Jacob D. A. Ross and Eva M. Brewer, Charles Harrington and Jennie M. Gates.

A Comparison.

It takes a bushel of wheat to buy a pound of coffee now. That's the Democracy of it. Two years ago a bushel of wheat would have purchased a pound of coffee and a shirt besides. That was the Republicanism of it.

Big Four Route.

ACTON CAMP MEETING,  
July 26 to Aug. 21, 1893.  
Excursion Rates—50c for the Round Trip—50c.

SPECIAL TRAINS EVERY DAY.

On Week Days Trains Run as Follows:  
Leave Indianapolis 6:20 a. m., 7:30 a. m., 11:05 a. m., 4:20 p. m., 7:20 p. m. Arrive Acton Park 6:47 a. m., 8 a. m., 11:35 a. m., 4:48 p. m., 7:42 p. m.  
Returning, leave Acton Park 8:15 a. m., 9:46 a. m., 6:58 p. m. Arrive Indianapolis 8:45 a. m., 10:15 a. m., 7:30 p. m.  
Three Trains Each Way on Sundays, as Follows:  
Leave Indianapolis 9 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 6:20 p. m. Arrive Acton Park 9:25 a. m., 2 p. m., 6:47 p. m.  
Returning, leave Acton Park 12 noon, 7 p. m., 10:46 p. m. Arrive Indianapolis 12:30 p. m., 7:30 p. m., 11:10 p. m.  
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BIG FOUR.

World's Fair Route.  
Daily Excursions to Chicago,  
\$4.50 for the Round Trip—\$4.50.  
Five vestibule trains in each direction, all stopping at Midway Plaisance. Tickets good for ten days. For tickets and sleeping and chair-car accommodations call at No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson Place, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

New Louisville Line.  
8—Passenger Trains—3  
To and From  
Jeffersonville, New Albany and Louisville  
As follows:  
Leave Indianapolis 7:45 a. m., 6:20 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Arrive Louisville 7:10 a. m., 11:57 a. m. and 7 p. m.  
Leave Louisville 7:40 a. m., 2:15 p. m. and 8:15 p. m.  
Arrive Indianapolis 11:45 a. m., 7:30 p. m. and 12:30 a. m.  
Sleepers and free reclining-chair cars on trains leaving Indianapolis at 7:45 a. m. and Louisville at 8:15 p. m. Through coaches on trains leaving Indianapolis at 7:40 a. m. and Louisville at 7:40 a. m.  
Indicates daily.

\$4.50—CHICAGO AND RETURN—\$4.50  
Via Pennsylvania Line  
From Indianapolis. Tickets good ten days. All trains stop, both going and returning, at South Chicago, Englewood and Grand Crossing, within view of and only a short distance from the World's Fair and Hotels and Boarding Houses adjacent thereto.  
W. F. BRUNNER, D. P. A., Indianapolis.  
Only 90c. Excursions to Lafayette, Ind., and Return  
Via the Popular Route.  
The Lake Erie & Western railroad and steamer "Geo. City." The above will be the rate for every day and train via this route. Tickets good returning until Oct. 31. Free reclining chairs on night trains. For time of trains, tickets, reserved chairs, etc., call at city office, 46 South Illinois street, Massachusetts avenue or Union Station.

Julius C. Walk.

Julius C. Walk, Successor to  
Bingham & Walk,  
Leading Jeweler. No. 12 East Washington St.  
General agent for the Patent, Philippe & Co., Vacheron & Constantin, and E. Koenig celebrated Swiss Watches.

Sterling Silver.

To advertise our JEWELRY DEPARTMENT, we send on receipt of 15c stamps or postal note, mail to any address, a  
STERLING SILVER SWORD PIN.  
These pins are all the rage, and are the very latest novelty in stick pins.  
CATHART, CLELAND & CO.,  
6 East Washington street,  
Indianapolis, Ind.

League Ball Park.

EAST OAK STREET.  
Cannibal Boomerang Throwers  
EVERY AFTERNOON, from 2 to 6  
ADMISSION—25 cents

# CUTTING THE CUT!

Time is pressing when we must begin our store alterations.

## GOODS ARE IN THE WAY We Discount our Cut Price

Bigger Bargains Than Ever!

Come See for Yourself!

## A STRAIGHT ROAD TO WEALTH!

Buy now what you will need for future use, and make money.

COME AT ONCE TIME SHORT

## L. S. AYRES & CO

An thou hast  
a sweet tooth  
i' thy mouth

Thou shouldst not fail to minister unto it. Parrott & Taggart's cakes are the things for the table, for outings, and for all luncheons and picnics. Choicely delicious are P. & T.'s

CHOCOLATE WAFERS,  
CHARLOTTE RUSSE,  
WALNUT WAFERS,  
HOOSIERS, Etc.

Also, LUNCH MILK CRACKERS. For sale by all grocers.

## GILDEMEESTER & KROEGER PIANOS ARE TAKING THE LEAD.

N.W. BRYANT & CO.  
SOLE AGENTS.

## — SMOKE — ADMIRAL CIGARETTES. NOT MADE BY A TRUST.

RUBBER HOSE, LAWN SPRINKLERS and HOSE REELS.  
First quality goods and low prices.  
LILLY & STALNAKER, 64 East Washington St

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 Per Annum

CARPETS,  
WALL PAPERS,  
DRAPERIES.

MATTINGS at greatly reduced prices.  
ALBERT GALL, 17 and 19 West Washington Street.  
Agency for S. C. Johnson's Parquet Flooring and Borders. Estimates furnished.

# NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS

In the INDIANAPOLIS NATIONAL BANK of Indianapolis, and the CITIZENS' BANK of Connersville.

Your check will be accepted at par in payment for any Vehicle or Vehicles, to the extent of your deposit, that you may desire to purchase of us. Your check will have the same purchasing power as gold coin. Over one hundred species of elegant pleasure vehicles to select from. Our stock consists of CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, SURREYS, BUGGIES, JUMP SEATS, BUCKBOARDS, ROAD WAGONS, TRAPS, CARTS, Etc.

The above offer applies to any other bank similarly conditioned.

ROGERS & COMPANY,  
133 SOUTH MERIDIAN STREET.